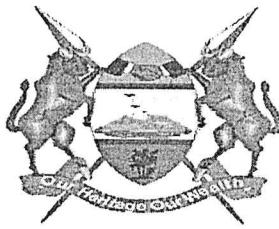


COUNTY GOVERNMENT OF BUNGOMA



COUNTY ASSEMBLY OF BUNGOMA

OFFICE OF THE CLERK

THIRD ASSEMBLY THIRD SESSION

BUDGET AND APPROPRIATION COMMITTEE

**PUBLIC PARTICIPATION REPORT ON THE VIEWS FROM MEMBERS OF
THE PUBLIC AND CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS ON THE CFSP 2025**

MARCH 2025

The committee invited Members of the public and all stakeholders to the public participation forum and submission of memoranda that was held on 10th march, 2025.

Members of the public presented their views together with the memoranda from the following civil society groups;

1. Kenya Workers Right and Harmonization program (KWRHP)
2. Tongaren Sub-county CSOs
3. Bungoma County CSOs coordinatingunit- EMONYO YEFWE INT
4. Kimililil Sub-county CSOs
5. Civil Society input
6. County Children Rights Network and partners
7. RAMCHA
8. Youth with Disabilities Empowerment in Bungoma County

The submissions were analyzed and place in different departments as follows;

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, COOPERATIVES AND FISHERIES

Members of the public submitted the following:

1. Farm inputs including fertilizer and maize seeds beneficiaries to be increased from 750 persons to 1000 per ward
2. Establishment of Tea factory in Mt. Elgon is fully supported as the same will promote the leaving standard of people from those areas.
3. Purchase of tractors be enhanced whereby each sub-county to have 10 tractors to support agriculture in ward level.
4. Establishment of maize processing mill in Tongaren was fully supported to promote farmers in the ward
5. Rehabilitation of dams in the county should be prioritized

6. Establishment of Agriculture resource center was fully supported which will improve agriculture skill to the ward
7. Crop insurance program was fully supported to cushion farmers on calamities
8. There is need for establishment of agriculture office together with the agriculture officer in every ward
9. Tea seedlings procured and distributed to tea farmers is supported
10. Establishment of irrigation scheme in the ward was supported so that farmers can plan crops during dry seasons
11. Soil laboratories upgrade was supported to promote farming skills in the county
12. NAVCDP allocation to be increased from 6.5m to 10m to assist in establishment of more co-operatives in the ward
13. Ward based projects allocation to be increased from 24m to 70m
14. The efficiency and effectiveness, Mabanga should be strictly designated for agricultural services, while Sang'alo should specialize in veterinary services, animal husbandry, and breeding.
15. They recommend that instead of all tractors being stationed at Mabanga, they should be distributed across all Sub-County headquarters to better serve deserving peasant farmers and improve crop yields.
16. For the purpose of providing free fertilizer to vulnerable farmers, they strongly recommend that it be offered on a subsidized basis

A memorandum submitted by Kenya National chamber of Commerce-Bungoma Chapter.

They submitted as follows;

1. Timelines of completion of Flagship project on dairy county processor at Webuye has expired and nothing is taking place.
2. Crop insurance should be dropped
3. They recommend the department to have a program on subsidized farm inputs but no free and there is also need of the policy for the same.

Memorandum from Bungoma Civil Society Organization Forum (BCSF) members

They submitted as follows;

1. They considered opinion that free farm inputs program is not sustainable. The crop insurance budget was a scam and a cash cow and should not be allocated any money in the FY 2025/26.
2. The County should instead develop and input a policy of subsidized farm inputs.

Memorandum from Kimilili Sub-county CSOs

They submitted as follows;

1. They recommend an allocation of 2m for every Ward on animal welfare to enhance capacity building to ward committee members and create openness
2. Increase allocation for the development of Chwele fish farm from 5m to 10m
3. Mabanga ATC to be given more resources to make the centre a real ATC not a hotel as it is at the moment.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SANITATION

Members of the public submitted as follows;

1. Leadership and governance allocation to be increased from 2m to 4m
2. Health outreach and support services allocation to be increased from 6.1m to 12m since it is essential service to every member of the county
3. Health infrastructure and development allocation of 787,000,000 will assist on essential services to the citizens of the county.
4. Primary health care had no allocation yet it is essential for all people across the county. There is need for an allocation for the same.
5. Ward based allocation to be increased to serve many people across the wards
6. HIV/AIDS together with T.B and malaria needs to be allocated funds

Memorandum from Bungoma Civil Society Organization Forum (BCSF) members

They submitted as follows;

1. The Forum and other networks insists that allocations for health should adhere to the commitments the county has signed with the National Ministry of Health for full implementation of the UHC program; Intergovernmental Participation Agreement (IPA). Under the IPA, Counties are required to allocate a minimum of 30% of the respective county budget to health and progressively increase it. This is against the international health instruments and legal frameworks in line with health financing e.g., world health organization protocols.
2. Programme for CT scan and MRI radiology machines
3. Streamline charges at all public health facilities
4. They recommend that Bungoma County should programme and allocate adequate funds for the Construction and Equipping of a level 6 facilities (Bungoma County Referral hospital). The facility requires 10 acres which is available at the current 300 bed facility land.
5. They strongly acknowledge and commend the action of the County to commit to the operationalization of the Community Health Strategy (CHS). The CFSP

2025/26 should demonstrate efforts to sustain the initiative of motivating the birth companions and (community health promoters) CHPs.

6. Bungoma CSOs Forum and other Stake holders however cautions the County Department of health to first invest in the policy framework that will anchor payment of stipend for birth companions the way it has invested in CHPs. We however note that for optimal realization of the community health agenda under CHS, the reporting component needs to be enhanced.
7. BCSF observes with concern that the Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Child, and Adolescent Health (RMNCAH) makes about 70% of all total proportion of Health program in health systems in Kenya. They recommend for increased RMNCAH allocation
8. This is a wake-up call for the county government to sustain interventions earlier supported by THS – UC project.
9. There is need to prioritize and budget to upgrade Malakisi Health Centre to a Sub County Hospital Status as it has almost all the facilities required, infrastructure and it serves a big population including the neighboring sub counties of: Bumula, Mt. Elgon, Teso north and the neighboring Republic of Uganda
10. Prioritize and budget for restocking all pharmacies with essential drugs and commodities
11. The County government has to minimize recurrent expenditure so as to increase the development expenditure if the County is to achieve universal health care
12. Formulate a policy framework and plan for reproductive health care programmes to safeguard the girl child from teenage pregnancies and child-motherhood.
13. Formulate HIV/AIDS Work Place Policy and outreach programmes at the village and ward level.
14. Increase budget and the number of medical personnel in the sub county hospitals.
15. Mental Health: Mental illness is on the rise with lack of specialized Centre to handle these cases. There is therefore need to invest in a mental health facility

in the county to address the growing demand of mental health services. County to plan for at least 2 wards for both male and female patients.

16. There is need to budgetary allocation for the expansion of community health networks beyond Kimilili and Webuye sub counties.
17. The Department of Health and Sanitation should ensure that the 44 elevated health centres are adequately funded, equipped and staffed with qualified health workers.

Memorandum by Reproductive Maternal New-born Child and Adolescent Health (RMNCAH) Network

The Network appreciates the decision of the county government of Bungoma establishment of county level five and raising the standards to ensure improved services in healthcare.

The submitted as follows;

1. Emergency and Ambulatory Services

Bungoma County recorded an alarming 47 maternal and 451 neonatal deaths due to ineffective ambulatory services. The linkage between the Dispensaries and Health Centers to the BCRH is highly dependent on fully equipped and functional ambulance services. The maternal complications realized in the peripheral facilities are also caused by the lack of a reversed referral system.

2. Lack of Youth Friendly Centers Contributing to High Rates of Teen Pregnancy

Bungoma County is among the five counties in Kenya leading in teen pregnancy rates. The county's teenage pregnancy rate is at 19%, surpassing the national rate of 15%. The County has no functional youth-friendly center tasked with offering reproductive health services to youths. The rising rates are also attributed to a lack of information among the youth.

3. Reduced Budgetary Allocation for RMNCAH

While the CFSP objective for RMNCAH is to increase access to quality health

services, evidence shows that only 56% of pregnant women in Bungoma County make at least four ANC visits during the first trimester .However, ANC attendance has continued to decline, partially due to dissatisfaction among pregnant women over the variance in quality of services received at public health facilities.The county should ensure that at least 70% of the total County Health sector allocations are directed to RMNCAH services and programs. This will address nearly 80% of issues affecting health services.

Memorandum by KYO Sirisia Chapter Youth Group

They submitted as follows;

1. The Bungoma County Fiscal Strategy Paper (CFSP) 2025 shows no budget allocation for Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) despite a recognized need of Kshs. 32.2 million for FY 2025/2026.
2. Bungoma County faces high cases of bilharzia (schistosomiasis) and intestinal helminth infections, posing serious health risks, especially to vulnerable populations.
3. The lack of funding violates Article 43(1)(a) of the 2010 Constitution, which guarantees the right to quality healthcare.
4. Additionally, crucial public health programs such as Disease Surveillance (Kshs. 60 million required) and Food & Water Hygiene (Kshs. 43.8 million required) also received no funding.
5. This neglect contradicts the Public Health Act (Cap. 242), which mandates the protection of public health through disease control and sanitation measures.

Memorandum by Kenya Workers Right and Harmonization Program (KWRHP)

They submitted as follows;

1. The slow implementation of major health projects in Bungoma County has significantly impacted access to maternal healthcare services. The 300-bed maternal and child block at Bungoma County Referral Hospital and the 100-bed block at Sirisia Sub-County Hospital were expected to be completed in 2024. However, as of 2025, these facilities remain unequipped, delaying their

operationalization. This failure to complete and equip these essential health facilities continues to deny residents access to critical maternal healthcare services, exacerbating existing healthcare challenges in the county.

2. Bungoma urgently needs more Level 4 and Level 5 hospitals to ease the pressure on Bungoma County Referral Hospital (BCRH). Currently, BCRH is overwhelmed, having treated 1,830,282 patients in the outpatient section and 125,388 in the inpatient section. The hospital handles approximately 5,014 patients per day, straining its capacity and resources. Although the budget increased by Kshs. 686.8 million, the growing demand for healthcare services necessitates the establishment of additional facilities to ensure quality and efficient medical care for residents.
3. Bungoma County Referral Hospital (BCRH) continues to face a shortage of medical personnel, significantly impacting service delivery. The limited number of healthcare workers strains the hospital's capacity, leading to delays in patient care and overburdening the existing staff. Addressing this shortage is crucial to improving healthcare services and ensuring efficient medical attention for residents.

DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM, ENVIRONMENT, AND WATER AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Members of the public submitted the following:

1. Water allocation to be increased from the previous allocation of 68m to 800m to enable community access clean and adequate water
2. Every sub-county to have dumpsite allocation of 50m to purchase land
3. Cultural centres to be increased in rural areas to enhance tourism within the county hence boosting revenue

Memorandum from Bungoma civic society organization forum

They submitted as follows;

1. The FlloCA Projects across the County are not cost effective. There is no transparency and accountability in the implementation of FlloCA Projects.

Memorandum submitted from EMONYO YEFWE INTL

They submitted as follows;

1. Lack of capacity building to ward climate change planning committees-the department to undertake capacity building to ward committee members and create openness to be informed to monitor and evaluate the risks. The county to allocate a total of 45m to the programme
2. Allocate 10 m for development of a tracking tool and registry for climate change committees and citizens across the county
3. Allocate 10m for rehabilitation of wetlands across the county

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING

The members of the public submitted as follows;

1. An allocation to employ new ECD teachers be prioritized to curb the shortage
2. Feeding program allocation should be increased from 30m to 90 m to enable each ward to get 2m
3. Bursary and scholarship should be allocated some funds to allow need students access education
4. ECD BOM committees establishment is necessary
5. Employment of VTC teachers should be prioritized to curb the shortage experienced across the county.
6. Construction and renovation of VTC should be allocated adequate amounts to curb the demand of young people enrolled to acquire knowledge on several aspect such as masonry and tailoring different
7. Allocation be provided for establishment of home craft centers.

Memorandum Submitted by Kenya national Chamber of commerce and Industry-Bungoma chapter

They submitted the following proposals:

The County is facing various challenges in Education sector which include:

1. **Inadequate provision of learning materials.** Their engagement with education stakeholders has revealed the importance of teaching aids in enhancing learner and teacher interactions that promote transfer of breadth of skills to the learners and increases learning achievements. However, **closer look at the county education plans and budgets shows that there is inadequate resourcing of schools to provide learning and teaching aids.** This makes it difficult for school managers to adequately provide learning materials that would deliver the requisite breadth of skills including digital literacy, critical thinking, problem solving, communication, collaboration, creativity, innovation and citizenship.
2. **Inadequate funding to special needs education sub-programme.** The recently enacted Children Act 2022 expressly requires children with disabilities and

those with special needs to acquire education and health services free of charge. There is therefore need for the requisite budgetary allocations to be made to actualise the legislative expectation.

They take note that **special needs education learners have different disability categorizations that requires the County Department of Education to embrace differentiated unit cost, as opposed to a flat rate capitation for SNE learners.** A learner having a hearing impairment will require learning materials that are very different from those used by a learner with physical disability as the latter may only require adjustments to the learning environment to make it friendly for them.

3. **In adequate teacher preparedness to deliver CBC.** For effective curriculum implementation, the teachers must have the capacity to interpret the curriculum through instructional strategies and techniques. Although there is evidence of some of the teachers being trained on CBC, stakeholder engagements shows that the training was inadequate. **There is scientific evidence that teachers' scope of knowledge about subject matter should be deep and more than the curriculum they teach.** The teachers should be equipped with more subject content for effective implementation of the competency-based curriculum. **Engagements with teachers and other education stakeholders on the roll out of CBC revealed a lack of information, communication and technology (ICT) skills among the majority of teachers.** This is one of the main challenges facing the implementation of the competency-based curriculum and most of the teachers are not able to integrate information, communication and technology (ICT) in the learning and teaching within the competency-based curriculum. **Additionally, the introduction of the 21st Century skills and the competence-based curriculum means that instructional methods must change to more learner centred approaches** from the traditional approaches of teacher centred learning. These determine how much is learned by the learners and not just focusing on covering the syllabi.
4. **Unfavourable Pupil Teacher Ratio (PTR).** A high PTR 42:1 for public pre-primary centres against the recommended ratio of 25:1. This means that many public pre-primary schools in Bungoma County lack the necessary number of teachers hence less attention to pupils.

5. **Slow pace of policy and legislation development and implementation** has hampered the enjoyment of quality education in the counties. A case in point is the **domestication of the early childhood development policies and legislations at the county level** in accordance with the Constitution of Kenya 2010 and the provisions of the Early Childhood Education Act of 2021 and Guidelines of 2019.
6. **Lack/poor sanitation in ECDE centres.** They recommend that the county government build/improve sanatoriums & other related amenities including those for the special needs' learners.
7. **Parental involvement and engagement in CBC** did not consider the unique vulnerabilities of children living with illiterate caregivers, orphans with unstable adult caregivers, parental neglect, poverty and home environment of children from dysfunctional families. As a result, there is a lot of disparity among children on caregiver support in school activities and assignments. **The lack of parental support has therefore made it difficult to actualize the full implementation of the CBC among vulnerable children.**
8. **Inadequate/poor infrastructure of ECDE classrooms** across the county characterized by poor workmanship, learners taking lessons under trees and sharing of classrooms. The county should invest in school infrastructure and ensure they stick to standards. I. There are so many VTCs across the county even some in churches, posho mills and shops. I'm certain most of these VTCs do not have enough students, equipment and tutors and doesn't meet the registration requirements. The county to close all VTCs that don't meet the standards for registration and fully fund and equip at least one VTC per ward.
9. **The Constitution of Kenya under the Fourth Schedule stipulates the mandate of counties pertaining education.** The county is spending a lot of resources on bursaries and scholarships which is not its core function. The recent High Court Judgment has illegalized this and it's high time the county complies and concentrates on its core mandate.

Memorandum from Bungoma civic society organization forum

They submitted as follows;

1. The County Education Support Program should prioritize ECDE, Child Care Centres, VTC, Home Craft Centres. The County should not move away from budgeting for Scholarships and Bursaries without the concurrence of the National Government.
2. There is need to equip all the VTCs with modern training equipment's and competent instructors.
3. Need to programme and budget for more ECDE Centres with proper WASH facilities rather than construction of single classrooms.
4. Programme for a school feeding programme
5. There is need to programme and budget for equipping the ECDE Centres with teaching and learning facilities and materials.
6. That instead of planning and constructing of at least one Vocational Training Centres (VTC) in each ward; the plan should be to establish at least one Centre of Excellence in terms of VTC in each of the Nine (9) sub counties in Bungoma.
7. There is need to employ competent and adequate VTC Personnel in each of the envisaged Centres of Excellence.
8. There is need to plan for how to equip and operationalize the ICT Hub at Matili Technical Institute with linkages across all departments and sectors in the County.
9. There is need to re-think about the County Bursary and Scholarship Programme as well as formulate an appropriate policy framework for the same.
10. The County should develop a policy framework for regulating the establishment and registration of vocational training centres (VTCs) and strive to establish and budget for at one equipped VTC per Ward.
11. The VTCs should be facilitated to become income generating centres.
12. We need clarity on ECDE Classrooms and ECDE Centres envisaged in the Fourth Schedule of the Constitution of Kenya, 2010.
13. The County should develop a feeding policy, child care policy, home craft policy and recreation policy to govern the sub sectors. The CSFP should budget for the recruitment and deployment of the recently interviewed ECDE Teachers

A Memorandum submitted by Bungoma County Child Rights Network

They submitted as follows;

1. That the County Government sticks to its core mandate and ensures resources are allocated accordingly in line with the provisions of **Clause 9 of Part 2 of the 4th Schedule to the CoK 2010** that the **mandate of county as pertains education is pre-primary, vocational training, child care facilities and home craft centers**. The recent High Court Ruling by Justice Samuel Mukira Mohochi in Nakuru High Court in February, 3rd 2025 that illegalized the allocation of County Government funds to bursaries and scholarships. We therefore demand that the County Government complies with the ruling.
2. That the construction of ECDE classrooms/Centers adheres to the set standards, specifications and Bill of Quantities under established and functional PMCs with the involvement of the Department of Education and Vocational Training. We decry the poor workmanship in the construction of ECDE classrooms/Centers under the ward based projects attributed to political interference and lack of Project Management Committees (PMCs).
3. That the County Government undertakes an ECDE enrolment drive to ensure that children who are supposed to be in school are enrolled. With a County population of almost 2M people, an enrolment of about 100,000 ECDE learners is low. This means that we have children who are supposed to be in school but are yet to be enrolled.

DEPARMENT OF TRADE, ENERGY AND INDUSTRIALIZATION

Members of the public submitted as follows,

1. County planning management – the amount to be increased by 4m to 25.389,342 to allow efficiency of public participation in all programs in the county.
2. Ward based allocation to be increased in the department to benefit more people in the various wards
3. Allocation of solar lights be increased by 50% to boost business across the county
4. Floods must lights to be installed in every market to improve security and boost business operations
5. The county to install 6 transformers in every ward
6. Trade loans allocation to be increased to 60million to ensure many beneficiaries access the funds
7. Tier one market to be constructed in every ward to boost business operations
8. The county to develop market stalls in every ward to increase revenue collections across the country
9. The county to develop cold storage facilities in every ward to protect businesses from incurring losses

Memorandum from Kenya national Chamber of commerce and industry-Bungoma chapter

They submitted as follows;

1. Dairy county processor at Webuye - Timelines of completion has expired and nothing taking place.
2. Construction of modern market and stalls has replaced traders and the period of completion has delayed there business operations thus derailing the development of traders and non-collection of county revenue tendering the own source revenue mobilization in the county to below targets.
3. The County Government of Bungoma should allocate funds for the ongoing County Aggregation Industrial Park at Sangálo to enhance business in the county.
4. The budget allocation in the department of trade has been increasing yearly and administering of trade loans has not been done fairly to traders.

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS, URBAN AND PHYSICAL PLANNING, AND HOUSING

Members of the public submitted the following:

1. More information to be provided on the survey of government land
2. Purchase of 9 acres of land for ward based projects need public participation to be done
3. Issuing of 30 titles need more explanation
4. More money to be allocated to ward based projects to benefit the people across the county
5. Allocation of resolving boundary conflicts should be clear in the document

DEPARMENT OF GENDER AND CULTURE, YOUTH AND SPORTS

Members of the public submitted the following:

1. General Admiration, planning and support service proposed allocation to be reduced from 15m to 10m so that more funds goes to planning activities that are felt by the mwanachi on the ground.
2. Cultural development and management allocation will enhance the culture of our communities
3. Am allocation of ward based projects to be increased to 257m so that many projects are done in the wards
4. Have budgetary allocation to support children rights awareness activities in the county e.g Day of African Child, World Orphan Day and county day for children
5. Budgetary allocation for child participation meeting for county processes.
6. Budgetary allocation to support county children assembly
7. Budgetary allocation to finish the children policy regulation and action plan
8. Budgetary allocation to establish a children rescue center for vulnerable children in the county.
9. Budgetary allocation to support rehabilitation and reunification of street children.

Memorandum from Bungoma Civil Society Organization Forum (BCSF) members

They submitted as follows;

1. The completion of Chemoge High Altitude Centre is long overdue since the FY 2014 to 2025/26.

DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH AND SPORTS

Members of the public submitted as follows;

1. Sports talents development and management with an allocation of 3m to be spread across all the 45 wards in the county to help improve youth talents
2. On Gender equality and empowerment of communities, its allocation to be increased which will help make communities equal across the county
3. Youth development and management should be allocated 36 m to assist the youths through youth grants to help yje youths undertake their programs.

Memorandum by KYO Sirisia Chapter Youth Group

They submitted as follows;

1. Bungoma County's total budget for FY 2025/2026 is Kshs. 15.4 billion, yet youth programs have not received the mandated minimum allocation of 3% of the budget.
2. This lack of funding hinders transformative youth initiatives, particularly the Bungoma County Youth Agribusiness Strategy 2022-2027.
3. The county government's approach contradicts Article 55 of the 2010 Constitution, which mandates the state to develop programs that enhance youth socio-economic and political participation.
4. Current policies still view sports as the primary youth engagement tool, neglecting other critical youth empowerment strategies.
5. Key youth challenges such as climate change, corruption, unemployment, and ineffective policies remain unaddressed. These issues require comprehensive, sustainable solutions rather than reactionary, short-term approaches.

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS INFRASTRUCTURE AND PUBLIC WORKS

Members of the public submitted the following:

1. Roads, infrastructure and public works need more allocation of funds for more roads and culverts to be constructed.
2. Transport infrastructure development and management allocation to be increased to 1 billion to enable more roads to be maintained.
3. General administration, planning and support services allocation to be increased to support services and administration within the department
4. Ward based allocation needs to be increased to allow many roads across the 45 wards to be maintained.

Memorandum by Tongaren Sub-County CSOs

They submitted the following;

1. On lack of periodic maintenance of County roads, the County to is required to allocate more resources
2. The county to develop policies to address on road maintenance of county roads

**DEPARMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE MANAGEMENT AND
ADMINISTRATION**

Members of the public submitted as follows;

1. Governance and public relations allocation to be increased to 20million which will help in facilitating public participation.
2. Ward based projects to be increased to 60million to benefit majority of the people across 45 wards

Memorandum by Bungoma county CSOs coordinating unit

They submitted as follows;

1. They propose an allocation of budget on the construction of new office spaces across the County to loosen the high burden on rents
2. There is need to adequate oversight on the expenditure of KDSP funds for the residents to benefit from the funds
3. Allocation of 10m for commemoration of national events need to be reduced from 10 m to 5m and the balance be allocated to civic education that needs to be done across the county

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ECONOMIC PLANNING

Memorandum from Bungoma civic society organization forum

They submitted as follows;

1. The Bungoma Automated Revenue Systems (BARMS) cannot be fully operationalized without integration with the Geographic Information System (GIS).
2. The County Flagship Projects should be reviewed in order to focus on affordable and cost-effective ones.
3. The County Government should prioritize in the CSFP 2025/26 the clearance of pending bills with specific timelines for each contractor against completed projects.
4. There is need for the Department of Finance and Economic Planning to develop a policy framework for the operationalization of the County Revenue Management Board.
5. The County Wage Bill at 43.3% which is projected to reach 45.2% in 3 Years is unsustainable. It is beyond the ceiling of 35% as per Regulation 25 of the PFM Regulations.
6. The County Government of Bungoma should consider reduction of capital expenditure for the projects that are not a priority for now and the projects should be scaled down. The set aside funds should fund health projects which are a priority for now.
7. The policy direction on pending bills and debt management should be in tandem with the PFM Act of 2012 and the Procurement & Disposal Act of 2015.
8. On flagship projects, CSO members advice and recommends that the executive should consider implementing projects on priority basis. At most start with four projects and those that require huge amounts of funds should be implemented in phase form or through public private partnership-PPP approach.
9. The County Government of Bungoma should focus on finishing stalled, incomplete and ongoing projects instead of starting new ones.
10. The County Government of Bungoma should continue engaging in constructive dialogue and consultation with the county citizens, business community, professionals, civil society organizations and other stakeholders in all its planning

and budgeting processes for the sake of identity, ownership and effective involvement in development and governance.

11. The County Government of Bungoma should commit to strictly adhere to the rule of law and due process in all their planning, policy making and budgeting.

COUNTY ASSEMBLY

Members of the public submitted the following:

1. Legislation, oversight and representation with an allocation of 157,463,870 be reduced so that more funds are channeled to ward level projects. Also the allocation on foreign and domestic travels to be reduced.
2. General Administration and planning and support services with an allocation of 1,043,410,324 to be maintained to enable the assembly carry out its function and also organize Bunge Mashinani events

General infrastructure development with an allocation of 190,000,000 to be retained so that the assembly fast tracks in completion of new debating chambers

